

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Version 6.5 Revision Date 27.10.2023 Print Date 03.05.2025

GENERIC EU MSDS - NO COUNTRY SPECIFIC DATA - NO OEL DATA

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifiers

Product name : 2,4,6-Trichlorobenzenesulfonyl fluoride

Product Number : ALD00196 Brand : Aldrich

REACH No. : A registration number is not available for this substance as the

substance or its uses are exempted from registration, the annual tonnage does not require a registration or the registration is envisaged for a later registration deadline.

CAS-No. : 1632119-19-7

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Laboratory chemicals, Manufacture of substances

1.3

CHEMIKART

1.4 Emergency telephone

Emergency Phone # : 000 800 1007 141 (CHEMTREC)

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Skin corrosion (Sub-category 1B), H314 Serious eye damage (Category 1), H318

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Labelling according Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

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Signal Word Danger

Hazard statement(s)

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Precautionary statement(s)

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face

protection.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated

clothing. Rinse skin with water.

P304 + P340 + P310 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable

for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsing.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P405 Store locked up.

Supplemental Hazard

Statements

none

#### 2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

# Ecological information:

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

# Toxicological information:

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Strong hydrogen fluoride-releaser

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

# 3.1 Substances

Formula : C6H2Cl3FO2S Molecular weight : 263,49 g/mol CAS-No. : 1632119-19-7

Component		Classification	Concentration
2,4,6-Trichlorobenzenesulfonyl fluoride			
CAS-No.	1632119-19-7	Skin Corr. 1B; Eye Dam. 1; H314, H318	<= 100 %

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For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

# 4.1 Description of first-aid measures

#### **General advice**

Consult a physician. Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Hydrofluoric (HF) acid burns require immediate and specialized first aid and medical treatment. Symptoms may be delayed up to 24 hours depending on the concentration of HF. After decontamination with water, further damage can occur due to penetration/absorption of the fluoride ion. Treatment should be directed toward binding the fluoride ion as well as the effects of exposure. Skin exposures can be treated with a 2.5% calcium gluconate gel repeated until burning ceases. More serious skin exposures may require subcutaneous calcium gluconate except for digital areas unless the physician is experienced in this technique, due to the potential for tissue injury from increased pressure. Absorption can readily occur through the subungual areas and should be considered when undergoing decontamination. Prevention of absorption of the fluoride ion in cases of ingestion can be obtained by giving milk, chewable calcium carbonate tablets or Milk of Magnesia to conscious victims. Conditions such as hypocalcemia, hypomagnesemia and cardiac arrhythmias should be monitored for, since they can occur after exposure. Hydrofluoric (HF) acid burns require immediate and specialized first aid and medical treatment. Symptoms may be delayed up to 24 hours depending on the concentration of HF. After decontamination with water, further damage can occur due to penetration/absorption of the fluoride ion. Treatment should be directed toward binding the fluoride ion as well as the effects of exposure. Skin exposures can be treated with a 2.5% calcium gluconate gel repeated until burning ceases. More serious skin exposures may require subcutaneous calcium gluconate except for digital areas unless the physician is experienced in this technique, due to the potential for tissue injury from increased pressure. Absorption can readily occur through the subunqual areas and should be considered when undergoing decontamination. Prevention of absorption of the fluoride ion in cases of ingestion can be obtained by giving milk, chewable calcium carbonate tablets or Milk of Magnesia to conscious victims. Conditions such as hypocalcemia, hypomagnesemia and cardiac arrhythmias should be monitored for, since they can occur after exposure. First aiders need to protect themselves. Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

#### If inhaled

After inhalation: fresh air. Call in physician.

#### In case of skin contact

Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician. First treatment with calcium gluconate paste. First treatment with calcium gluconate paste. In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. Call a physician immediately.

# In case of eye contact

After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. Immediately call in ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses.

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#### If swallowed

After swallowing: make victim drink water (two glasses at most), avoid vomiting (risk of perforation). Call a physician immediately. Do not attempt to neutralise.

# 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

# 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

# 5.1 Extinguishing media

# Suitable extinguishing media

Water Foam Carbon dioxide (CO2) Dry powder

# Unsuitable extinguishing media

For this substance/mixture no limitations of extinguishing agents are given.

# 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides

Sulfur oxides

Hydrogen chloride gas

Hydrogen fluoride

Combustible.

Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire.

#### **5.3** Advice for firefighters

Stay in danger area only with self-contained breathing apparatus. Prevent skin contact by keeping a safe distance or by wearing suitable protective clothing.

#### 5.4 Further information

Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray jet. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

# 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency personnel: Do not breathe vapors, aerosols. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert.

For personal protection see section 8.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains.

# 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up with liquid-absorbent material (e.g. Chemizorb®). Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

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# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

# 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

For precautions see section 2.2.

# 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

# Storage conditions

Tightly closed. Keep locked up or in an area accessible only to qualified or authorized persons.

Handle under nitrogen, protect from moisture. Do not store in glass Do not store in glass

# Storage class

Storage class (TRGS 510): 8A: Combustible, corrosive hazardous materials

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1 Control parameters

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

# 8.2 Exposure controls

Personal protective equipment

# Eye/face protection

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Tightly fitting safety goggles

# Skin protection

required

#### **Body Protection**

protective clothing

# Respiratory protection

required when vapours/aerosols are generated.

Our recommendations on filtering respiratory protection are based on the following standards: DIN EN 143, DIN 14387 and other accompanying standards relating to the used respiratory protection system.

Recommended Filter type: Filter type ABEK

The entrepeneur has to ensure that maintenance, cleaning and testing of respiratory protective devices are carried out according to the instructions of the producer. These measures have to be properly documented.

#### Control of environmental exposure

Do not let product enter drains.

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# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

# 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

liquid

b) Color
 c) Odor
 d) Melting point/freezing point
 No data available
 No data available

e) Initial boiling point No data and boiling range

No data available

f) Flammability (solid, No data available gas)

g) Upper/lower No d flammability or explosive limits

No data available

h) Flash point > 110 °C

i) Autoignition No data available temperature

j) Decomposition temperature

a) Physical state

No data available

k) pH No data available

I) Viscosity Viscosity, kinematic: No data available Viscosity, dynamic: No data available

m) Water solubilityNo data availablen) Partition coefficient: No data available

n-octanol/water

No data available

p) Density 1,6555 g/cm3 at 25 °C

q) Relative density No data available

No data available

No data available

density

r) Particle No data available

characteristics

o) Vapor pressure

s) Explosive properties No data available

t) Oxidizing properties none

# 9.2 Other safety information

No data available

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# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

# 10.1 Reactivity

No data available

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature).

# 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reactions possible with: strong oxidising agents Strong bases

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Reacts dangerously with glass. no information available

# 10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents, Strong bases, glassglass

# 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire: see section 5

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

# 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

# **Acute toxicity**

Oral: No data available
Inhalation: No data available
Dermal: No data available
Skin corrosion/irritation

Remarks: The value / statement given is based on a (Q)SAR approach

# Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Remarks: The value / statement given is based on a (Q)SAR approach

# Respiratory or skin sensitization

No data available

# Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

# Carcinogenicity

No data available

#### Reproductive toxicity

No data available

# Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

No data available

# Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

No data available

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# Aspiration hazard

No data available

#### 11.2 Additional Information

# **Endocrine disrupting properties**

#### **Product:**

Assessment The substance/mixture does not contain

components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Fluoride ion can reduce serum calcium levels possibly causing fatal hypocalcemia. burning sensation, Cough, wheezing, laryngitis, Shortness of breath, spasm, inflammation and edema of the larynx, spasm, inflammation and edema of the bronchi, pneumonitis, pulmonary edema, Material is extremely destructive to tissue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract, eyes, and skin., To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

# 12.1 Toxicity

No data available

# 12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

# 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

# 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components

considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No data available

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# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

# 13.1 Waste treatment methods

No data available

#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

14.1 UN number

ADR/RID: 3265 IMDG: 3265 IATA: 3265

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID: CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (2,4,6-Trichlorobenzenesulfonyl

fluoride)

IMDG: CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (2,4,6-Trichlorobenzenesulfonyl

fluoride)

IATA: Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s. (2,4,6-Trichlorobenzenesulfonyl fluoride)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 8 IMDG: 8 IATA: 8

14.4 Packaging group

ADR/RID: II IMDG: II IATA: II

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: no IMDG Marine pollutant: no IATA: no

14.6 Special precautions for user

Tunnel restriction code : (E)

Further information : No data available

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This material safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006.

# Other regulations

Take note of Dir 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work.

#### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

For this product a chemical safety assessment was not carried out

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

# Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

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#### Full text of other abbreviations

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM -American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS -Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx -Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### **Further information**

The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. Sigma-Aldrich Corporation and its Affiliates shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product. See www.sigma-aldrich.com and/or the reverse side of invoice or packing slip for additional terms and conditions of sale.

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